



Neighbour

R 7,410.00



[Michael Taylor](#), born in Johannesburg is a South African artist living and working in Cape Town. Taylor produces works in painting, drawing, printmaking and ceramics.

Michael has a story, make that a few to tell and, through his work at WE especially in the

monotype technique his characters and settings materialize in humorous acts, satirized scenarios and of course at the beach – a sucker for a ‘Tropiitone’ sunset is Michael. To comparatively sketch it out he arrives with a suitcase of stuff (well, not figuratively) and ready and open to the element of chance. Taylor has the illustrator in him and that means the suitcase is tightly packed and as he decides to unpack so too does a composition. It helps that the nature of Michael’s work has much to do with editing/selecting and layering – in terms of making monotypes he is able to think of the final image as a succession of colour planes, negative areas waiting to be filled and at least the possibilities of adding to or taking away from existing flat planes. He is a consummate professional in his sensibility and approach, well suited to collaboration in the print studio and, has developed from initial projects. Michael Taylor knows what will work and what will ‘fail’ due to his being comfortable with the medium as he says, “let the medium do what it wants to do.”

For this print Taylor used Softground etching and liftground aquatint. Softground etching lines look different from hard ground lines in that they are crumbly-looking rather than wiry and aren’t even from end to end. Moreover, tonal areas resembling pencil shading can be made and impressions from flat objects such as fabric, paper, foil can be achieved through the medium. Softground is essentially beeswax, mixed with petroleum jelly or tallow and a small amount of asphaltum; the wax and petroleum jelly or tallow retains the softness of the ground, to allow for a crisp impression of anything pressed into it.

The character of the line change depending on the amount of pressure used in drawing. More pressure removes more wax, so where the artist pressed harder the tooth-creating marks are bigger and closer together than those in the areas where only light pressure was used. Using coarsely grained paper gives coarse-textured lines and fine paper fine lines. In general, soft ground lines look like lines made by the drawing instrument – a clutch-pencil, HB pencil, ballpoint pen or any other object on which pressure can be applied.

Liftground aquatint involves painting an image on a rosin covered (already melted) plate with a water-soluble liquid. When the solution is dry, the entire plate is covered with a liquid acid-resist, to stop out the areas that are to remain white in the print. And, when the liquid acid-resist is dry, the plate is submerged in hot water, which will cause the solution to swell from the moisture and heat. The painted marks are wiped away with a ball of cotton wool to expose the metal. The plate is etched for a period (depth of bite) to achieve a desired tone.

Frame	None
Edition Size	20
Medium	Softground etching and liftground aquatint on Zerkall Intaglio 250gsm
Height	77.00 cm
Width	63.00 cm
Artist	Michael Taylor
Year	2013

